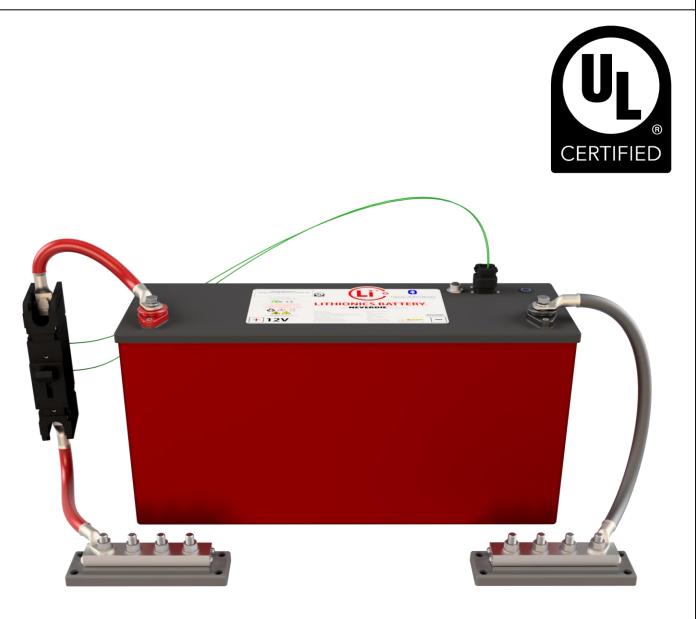


GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200-UL User Guide

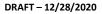
NeverDie® Compact Series 200 Internal BMS





MiniBMS[®]

TECHNOLOGY



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Safety

- All electrical work should be performed in accordance with local and national electrical codes.
- Assume that voltage is present at the battery terminals, use insulated tools and gloves while working on the system.
- Always turn off equipment connected to the battery in addition to turning OFF the Power button on the battery to isolate it from other electrical circuits, before performing any repairs or maintenance on the system.
- Always use proper wire sizes to connect the system to inverters, chargers, or other equipment.
- Always use crimped connections to connect to the battery terminals.
- Read and follow the inverter, charger, or other equipment manufacturers safety precautions prior to connecting the battery to that equipment.
- Always use charging equipment compatible with Lithium Iron Phosphate battery chemistry. See battery charging section below.

Overview

The purpose of this Owner's Guide is to provide explanations and procedures for operating, troubleshooting, and maintaining the GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200 battery. The GTX12V320A battery is a lithium iron phosphate (LiFePO4) chemistry battery with an internal *NeverDie® Compact Series 200 Battery Management System* (BMS). The BMS monitors voltage, current and temperature of each individual cell inside the battery and protects the battery from potential damage by disconnecting the battery circuit when the monitored parameters go outside of the allowed limits. The BMS also transmits monitoring data over the integrated Bluetooth interface, allowing customers to check the battery data on their mobile phones or tablets.

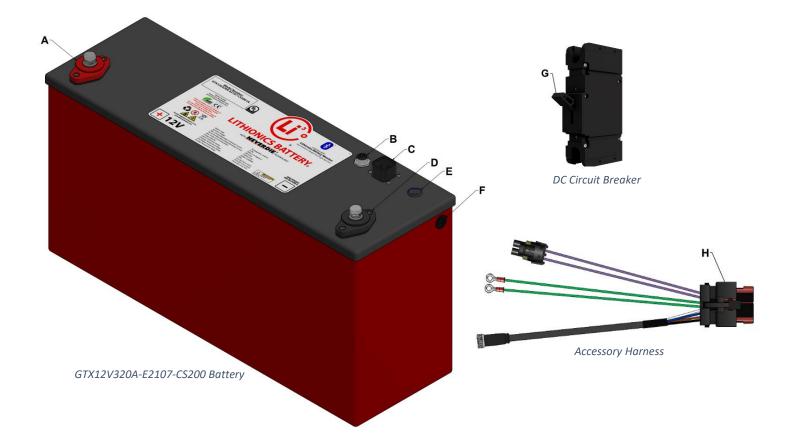
System Components

The GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200-UL system ships with the following items:

- GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200 Battery
- Accessory Harness (#75-H1FCR-CS2-UL)*
- DC Circuit Breaker (Sensata #JLE-1-41340-250)*
- Protective DC Terminal Covers (Red & Black)
- Two Sets of M8x1.25mm Bolts and Lock Washers for the Terminals

Wiring and bus bars are not included.

NOTE - It is recommended to keep the battery box and packaging material in case you need to return for service.



Reference	Feature	Description
Α	Positive Terminal	Brass, Nickel Plated, M8-1.25 Thread, Torque to 60in-lbs/6.8Nm
В	OptoLoop [®] + Connector	RV-C CANBus Data, Remote Display Unit
С	Accessory Connector	FCC, Remote Power Button, Auxiliary DC Breaker
D	Negative Terminal	Brass, Nickel Plated, M8-1.25 Thread, Torque to 60in-lbs/6.8Nm
E	Power Button	Power Button with Status Light
F	Vent	Pressure Balancing Vent
G*	DC Circuit Breaker	Auxiliary DC Circuit Breaker for UL Compliance
Н*	Accessory Harness	Enables Integration of FCC, Remote Power Button, and Auxiliary DC Breaker

*Parts included with UL system only

First Power-up

The battery needs to be fully charged to 14.4V to condition the battery for use. Fully charging the battery calibrates the state-of-charge percentage to be the most accurate and allows the cells to balance if necessary. The battery should be fully charged to 14.4V at least once every 2 weeks.

Operation

Before powering on, ensure the battery terminals are insulated and any connected devices are properly fused.

Due to shipping laws and regulations, your battery may be received at a partial state-of-charge (typically 50%). The battery needs to be fully charged before use. This is necessary to calibrate the state-of-charge meter.

Powering the Battery On The power button is located on the battery lid and/or on the remote accessory harness extension. To turn the battery on, press the power button for one second. The power button status light will illuminate solid on to confirm the battery is powered on and operating normally.

Powering the Battery Off Be sure to shut down any high amperage loads prior to turning the battery off. To turn the battery off, press and hold the power button for 3 seconds. The power button status light will turn off to confirm that battery power is off.

Resetting Power after a Protection Event If the battery detects a fault then it may turn power off. The battery can then be reset by pressing the power button for one second.

Discharging Discharging may be performed at any time the system is powered On. The NeverDie[®] feature allows the system to have a "reserve" amount of energy left in the battery. Once the system is discharged to approximately 12.0V or 10% state-of-charge, whichever comes first, power will be off to leave a "reserve" amount of energy still left in the battery. The battery will also disconnect power if the voltage, amperage, or temperature limits are exceeded during discharging. To enable the remaining reserve energy of the system, press the BMS power button for 1 second. <u>Once the reserve range is enabled the battery should be charged as soon as possible.</u> See page 9 BMS Functions for further details.

WARNING - If the reserve energy is used and the battery module is left in a deeply discharged state without immediate charging, the battery module may become permanently damaged.

Charging The charging device(s) connected to the Lithium Battery System must be programmed per the recommended charge settings below. Using an improper charger or charge settings could result in undesirable battery performance and accelerated wear. The battery will disconnect power if the voltage, amperage, or temperature limits are exceeded during charging. Please note that voltage rise during bulk charge stage is very slow, followed by a fast voltage rise at the end of charge. Once charge is completed, the voltage drops down to a resting level. This behavior is normal and should not cause any concerns.

Recommended Charge Settings				
Recommended Bulk Charging Voltage	14.4V			
Recommended Absorb Charging Voltage	14.4V			
Recommended Absorb Cycle Time	30 Minutes			
Maximum Absorb Cycle Time	60 Minutes			
Recommend Float Voltage	13.4V			
Maximum Float Voltage	13.6V			
Equalization Mode	Disabled			
Temperature Compensation	Disabled			

A lithium iron phosphate (described as LFP or LiFePO4) charger or charging profile is required for battery charging. The battery charge voltage should be set to 14.4V, equalization and temperature compensation must be disabled, and if the charger supports float mode, set it to 13.4 - 13.6V. If you are not sure if your charger is suitable for charging your battery, contact Lithionics Battery[®] or your dealer to confirm charger compatibility, or to purchase compatible charger.

NOTE - Due to partial state-of-charge during storage and shipping, the cells inside the battery may not be perfectly balanced during the first few charge cycles. You may observe some high voltage alerts and cell balancing status codes on the Lithionics Battery[®] Monitor app, which indicate the balancing process is in progress. This is perfectly normal behavior and should not cause any concerns. After a few full charge cycles the cells will balance out and these alerts will disappear. There is no adverse effect on battery operation, you may continue to use the battery normally during these initial charge cycles.

Power Button with Status Light



The BMS power button is located on the battery lid and includes a status light. You can also attach the optional remote power button via the accessory harness. This can be useful if the battery is installed in a location that is not easily accessible. The function and operation of the remote power button remains the same as the main power button on the battery.

Power Button Operation				
Power ON	Press for 1 Second			
Power OFF	Press for 3 Seconds			
Power Reset	Press for 1 Second (after protection event)			

Refer to the table below for an explanation of the power button status light blink patterns.

Battery State	Status Light		Status Light pattern over time											
Powered On	Solid ON													
Powered Off	Solid OFF													
Charging	Slow blink													
Low Battery	Short blink													
Fault Alarm	Rapid blink													
	-	< 1	sec	ond >	>	< 1 se	cond >		< 1 se	cond >	<1	seco	nd >	

Maintenance and Storage

Maintenance For optimal performance when in use, the battery should be fully charged to 14.4V <u>at least once every 2 weeks</u>. Fully charging the battery calibrates the state-of-charge percentage to be the most accurate and allows the cells to balance if necessary.

Storage Storing your battery at the correct specifications is important as it keeps the battery in the healthiest state possible. Consult the table below for proper storage conditions.

Storage Temperature & Humidity Range	< 1 Month -4~95°F (-20~35°C), 45~75%RH				
	< 3 Months	14~86°F (-10~30°C), 45~75%RH			
Long Term Storage	If the battery needs to be stored for > 3 months the voltage should be 13.2V (50% state-of-charge) and stored at the recommended storage specifications shown above. Additionally, the battery needs at least one charge & discharge cycle every six months.				
Self-Discharge Rate	≤3% per month				

Typical storage example < 1 month:

- 1. Fully charge the battery.
- 2. Turn the battery **OFF** using the battery power button.
- 3. Keep the battery in an environment according to the specifications shown above.

Typical storage example > 1 month, up to 3 months maximum:

- 1. Reduce the battery state-of-charge to 13.2V which is 50% \pm 10% state-of-charge.
- 2. Turn the battery **OFF** via the BMS power button.
- 3. Keep the battery in an environment according to the specifications shown above.

4. Every 3 months charge the battery to 100% state-of-charge, then discharge the battery to LVC, then charge it back to 50% ±10% state-of-charge.

Bluetooth App

Lithionics Battery[®] has developed the **Lithionics Battery[®] Monitor** app for iOS and Android mobile platforms, which allows real time battery information. The battery must be turned on via the Power button before the Bluetooth connection can be made. When the battery is turned off, Bluetooth is also powered off to save energy. This app can be downloaded for free on the Apple App Store or the Google Play Store for your iOS 12.4+ or Android 5.0+ device.



To connect Bluetooth:

1) The battery must be in the ON position.

2) Bluetooth must be enabled on your device.

3) Open the Lithionics Battery[®] Monitor App and accept location permissions.

4) Under the Device List, select the battery you would like to monitor (the device name is identified by the battery serial number).

Once the Bluetooth connection is made to the battery, the **Battery Info** section of the app automatically displays. This section provides useful info such as the battery state-ofcharge percentage, voltage, current, power, internal cell temperature, BMS temperature, power state and estimated time remaining. Clicking on the Status Code at the bottom automatically opens the Status Code reader section.



The *Status Code Reader* section of the app makes it easy to visualize the status by observing the color-coded table, see example to the left.

Each active description is color coded in green or red, where green indicates information and red indicates faults or critical conditions requiring attention, such as immediate need to charge the battery.





The Bluetooth app can also be used to access the *Firmware Update* section of the app. The BMS firmware version and update status can be found in the settings menu when connected to the Battery.

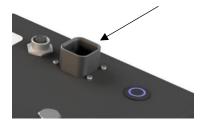
NOTE - The firmware update should only be performed if necessary.

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← Settings	
Temperature Units:	C F
	Firmware Update
Terminal	Console
Status Coo	le Reader



Additionally, the app provides **automatic data logging** when connected to the battery. The log files can be found under the settings menu and can be easily shared from the app for troubleshooting or analyzing battery history.

Accessory Connector



The battery accessory connector is located on the battery lid and is used to access the BMS's ported features. This allows implementation of the features listed below.

Feature	Description
FCC	Field Control Circuit – For use with an alternator regulator enable/disable circuit.
Auxiliary DC Breaker	For use with the UL Auxiliary DC Circuit Breaker
Remote Reset Button	For use with the Remote Power Button with Status Light



Mating cable extensions are available to integrate the accessory features.

Part Number	Feature	Description
75-149-180	FCC Extension	Dual Weatherpack Connector to Bare Wires, 15ft Length
75-224-196	Remote Power Button with Status Light	M8 Connector to Illuminated Remote Button, 16ft Length

Accessory Connector Pinout



Pin	Description
1	Reset Button 1
2	Remote LED +
3	Aux DC Breaker 1
4	Remote LED -
5	Aux DC Breaker 2
6	Reset Button 2
7	FCC 1
8	FCC 2

Internal Heater Kit

The GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200 battery includes a thermostatically controlled heater kit to internally warm and maintain the battery above 32F/0C. Keeping the battery's internal temperature above 32F/0C ensures uninterrupted battery power and a longer battery life.

Ambient Temperature	Average Power Used	Average Usage per Day
20F/-7C	9W	16.9Ah
-4F/-20C	21W	39.4Ah

NOTE - The internal heater kit will not activate if the battery is OFF.

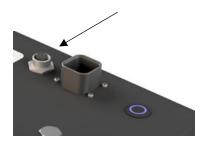
Auxiliary DC Breaker

When the Auxiliary DC Breaker is installed with the GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200 battery, the system qualifies as a UL1973 Listed system. UL1973 Listing represents a high degree of safety tested by Underwriter Laboratories.

The battery operates by using the Auxiliary DC Breaker as a redundant disconnect device if the battery must be isolated from its loads. The Auxiliary DC Breaker also replaces the need for a fuse and can serve as a manual disconnect for storage and maintenance via its toggle switch.

The required DC breaker model is the Sensata Circuit Breaker #JLE-1-41340-250. The 2 control wires for this feature are wired through the battery accessory connector.

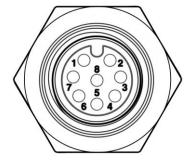




OptoLoop®+ Data Connector

The battery CANBus data can be accessed via the M12 8-pin circular OptoLoop®+ connector located on the battery lid. This data can be used to control compatible charging devices or to monitor battery telemetry via compatible displays or hardware. The CANBus messages are formatted for compatibility with RV-C protocol. The CANBus protocol and supported messages are documented and can be found at www.lithionicsbattery.com/user-guides.

Please contact Lithionics Battery[®] regarding options for mating CANBus or OptoLoop[®]+ connections.



M12 CANBus Connector Pinout

Description
N/A
N/A
PWR+ (12V nominal)
CAN-High
CAN-Low
PWR- (CAN GND)
N/A
N/A

BMS Functions

Below is a detailed description of advanced BMS features and how they affect the state of the battery. Some features depend on setup parameters which are described in detail in the Configuration section of this user guide.

- Power On/Off In addition to the automatic disconnect protections, the battery can be manually turned off to disconnect power at the terminals during installation, service, or storage.
- Reserve Voltage Cutoff (RVC) During discharge, the BMS will disable discharge current at approximately 10% stateof-charge, or when any cell reaches 3.0V (approximately 12.0V total voltage). This allows the battery to store a small energy reserve. Once the battery is in the RVC state you can use the reserve energy by a short-press of the power button.
 - It is recommended to charge the battery soon once it reaches RVC.
 - The battery will fully power off if it is not charged after sitting for 72 hours to further conserve its energy.
- Low Voltage Cutoff (LVC) During discharge, the BMS will disable discharge current when any cell reaches the 2.6V (approximately 10.4V total voltage). Charging current is allowed, so that the battery can still be charged by a charging source. Some charging sources require to "see" the battery voltage before allowing charging, in which case LVC lockout can be temporarily overridden by short-pressing the Power button. This will allow the charger to sense the battery voltage, so charging can begin.
 - It is recommended to charge the battery immediately once it reaches LVC.
 - The battery will fully power off if it is not charged after sitting 12 hours to further conserve its energy.
- High Voltage Cutoff (HVC) During charging, the BMS will disable charge current if any cell reaches 3.75V or higher (approximately 14.8V total voltage). This should not happen during normal operation if the charging sources are setup with correct charge settings. Once the charge current is removed the battery voltage will slowly lower and the BMS will automatically disengage HVC.
- Cell Temperature Based Cutoff When the internal battery temperature goes below or above the temperature limits the BMS will disable charge or discharge current to prevent further use of the battery until the temperature returns to safe operating limits. Different temperature limits are enforced for charging and discharging due to the nature of LiFePO4 chemistry. Please see the specifications table below for temperature limits.
- **BMS Temperature Based Cutoff** When the BMS temperature goes above 180F the BMS will disable charge and discharge current to prevent further use of the battery until the temperature lowers to below 160F.
- **Over Current Protection** The BMS will disable discharge or charge current if the amperage exceeds 300A for 2 minutes continuously. To restore normal operation, remove/address the source of the overload, then short-press the Power Button.
- Short Circuit Protection The BMS will immediately disable discharge current if the current value exceeds 1200A. To restore normal operation, remove/address the source of the short circuit, then short-press the Power Button.

NOTE - The lithium battery is capable of significant power output and may maintain the voltage level during a short circuit event, producing a very large current capable of melting or welding connection points and damaging cables and connectors. Even when the BMS detects the short circuit and tries to protect, the BMS may be damaged under such a large current. Make sure that the battery connection is always properly fused and does not rely on the BMS alone for short circuit protection!

 Internal Heater Kit – The internal heater kit will warm the battery when the cell temperature is 35F and lower and will stop heating when the cell temperature is 40F and higher.

Specifications

Item	Description
Model	GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200, GTX12V320A-E2107-CS200-UL
Nominal Voltage	12.8V
Nominal Capacity	320Ah
Nominal Watt Hours	4096
Internal Resistance	≤3mΩ
Features	NeverDie [®] Reserve, High and Low Voltage Cutoff, High and Low Temperature Cutoff, Short Circuit Protection, Bluetooth Telemetry, UL Auxiliary DC Breaker Support

NOTE: Battery may <u>not</u> be connected in series to make 24 volts or higher.

Charge	
Charging temperature range	32~131°F (0~55°C)
Recommend Charge voltage	14.4V
Recommended float charge voltage (for standby use)	13.4V
Recommended charge current	≤160A
Allowed max charge current	250A with starting temp of 77°F (25°C)
Discharge	
Discharging temperature range	-4~131°F (-20~55°C)
Output Voltage Range	10.4~14.6V
Recommended discharge current	≤200A
Max continuous discharge current	250A with starting temp of 77°F (25°C)
Surge discharge current	<600A for 30s max with starting temp of 77°F (25°C)
Pulse discharge current	<1200A for 1s max with starting temp of 77°F (25°C)
Reserve cut-off voltage	12.0V±0.05V
Discharge cut-off voltage	10.4±0.1V
Mechanical Characteristics	
Dimensions	Length: 20.3in (516mm)
	Width: 6.4in (163mm)
	Height: 10.0in (254mm)
Mounting Orientation	Upright position only (terminals up)
Weight	Approx. 68lbs (30.8Kg)
Environmental Rating	IP66

Troubleshooting & FAQ

When troubleshooting your battery, one of the most helpful tools is the battery Status Code feature of the Lithionics Battery Monitor App. If the battery shuts down due to a protective BMS feature, please have the Bluetooth app available when resetting the battery to identify the battery info and status code. It can be helpful to screenshot the battery info screen, which will identify the battery state-of-charge, voltage, current, temperature, and status code. The following status code descriptions can be used in correcting the battery fault condition.

Description of Status Codes in the Lithionics Battery Monitor App	
High Voltage State	The battery's voltage is too high, typically 14.8V (3.75V per cell).
Cell Temp High/Low	The battery's internal temperature is outside of the operating limits.
NeverDie [®] Reserve	The battery is in the NeverDie [®] Reserve State, allowing access to reserve energy.
BMS Temp High	The temperature of the BMS is too high, typically due to high charge or discharge current.
Reserve Range	The battery's voltage is low (below 12.0V and/or 10%) and should be charged soon.
Low Voltage State	The battery's voltage is very low (below 10.4V) and should be charged immediately.
Battery Overload	The charge or discharge current is over 300A and power will be turned off after 2 minutes.
Power Off State	The battery was turned off by the Power Button.
Overcurrent State	The discharge current has exceeded 600A, and power is now turned off.
Short Circuit Protection	The discharge current has exceeded 1200A, and power is now turned off.
Cell Over-Voltage	One of the battery's cell voltages is too high.
Cell Under-Voltage	One of the battery's cell voltages is too low.
BMS fault	A BMS fault is present.
Cell 1 Balancing	Cell 1 is balancing.
Cell 2 Balancing	Cell 2 is balancing.
Cell 3 Balancing	Cell 3 is balancing.
Cell 4 Balancing	Cell 4 is balancing.

Frequently Asked Questions

1. The battery has been charging for a long time, why has it not reached 100%?

Depending on the charger output, charging could take several hours to complete. To confirm the battery is charging, check the Bluetooth app to verify positive current is going into the battery. The voltage rise during bulk charge stage is very slow, followed by a fast voltage rise at the end of charge to 14.4V. Once the battery reaches 14.4V, the State-of-Charge percentage will calibrate to 100%. If no current is measured, confirm the charger is powered on, programmed correctly, and there are no DC breakers or disconnect switches preventing power from transferring.

2. The battery is at 100%, why is it still charging?

It is normal for the charger to finish the charging cycle for a short period of time after the State-of-Charge percentage calibrates to 100%. A 30-60 minute absorb cycle is recommended as the battery finishes charging and the charging current reduced. The charger should then switch to a float charging mode at the battery resting voltage.

3. I have lost battery power, why did the battery turn off?

The battery has many automatic protections that could cause the battery to turn off. Most commonly, the battery will turn off once you reach the 10% reserve range and just needs to be recharged. Using the Bluetooth app and Status Code can provide you with helpful information for troubleshooting.

4. Why is the battery status light flashing?

The LED flash pattern can indicate if the battery is being charged, in a low voltage state, or experiencing a fault condition. Reference the chart on page 5 for the status light pattern descriptions.

Contact Information

For technical or warranty support please first contact the dealer where the system was purchased.

Additionally, for factory support please send an email with your battery's serial number to Support@LithionicsBattery.com